# Denker SCI Equity Fund\*

## **Minimum Disclosure Document**

## As of 2019/07/31



2019/08/22

MDD Issue Date:

Fund Objective		
The objective of the fund is to offer	investors a reasonable level	of current income and long-term

# wealth creation through active management of the portfolio.

# **Fund Strategy**

This is an equity fund which diversifies across all sectors of the JSE and may invest a maximum of 30% in offshore assets. The fund invests in financially sound companies when they are attractively priced relative to their long-term return potential. The investment universe may include participatory interests of underlying unit trust portfolios.

## Why Choose This Fund?

- Access to a broad range of opportunities. Our structure gives us the ability to focus on
- investments and access opportunities that build wealth for investors. Investors are exposed to global investment opportunities. The fund can invest up to 30% in foreign listed companies
- We understand and manage risks. We concentrate on understanding the risks companies
- face so that we invest with a margin of safety and diversify the portfolio.

  Our interests are aligned with investors. The investment team invests their own money in the fund and in the Denker Capital business.

#### **Fund Information**

Ticker	SNVL
Portfolio Managers	Claude van Cuyck & Ricco Friedrich
ASISA Fund Classification	South African - Equity - General
Risk Profile	Aggressive
Benchmark	Composite: 87.5% FTSE/JSE Capped SWIX
	& 12.5% MSCI World Index
Fund Size	R 1 719 994 072
Portfolio Launch Date	1998/10/01
Fee Class Launch Date	1998/10/01
Minimum Lump Sum Investment	R 10 000
Minimum Monthly Investment	R 500
Income Declaration Date	June & December
Income Pricing Date	1st business day of July & January
Portfolio Valuation Time	15:00
Transaction Cut Off Time	15:00
Daily Price Information	Local media
Repurchase Period	2-3 business days

Fees (Incl. VAT)	Retail Class (%)	
Maximum Initial Advice Fee	3.45	
Maximum Annual Advice Fee	1.15	
Manager Annual Fee	1.55	
TER	1.77	
TC	0.23	
TIC	2.00	
Performance Fee	0.19	
TER Measurement Period	31 March 2016 - 31 March 2019	

Total Expense Ratio (TER) is the percentage value of the Financial Product that was incurred as expenses relating to the administration of the Financial Product. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER may not necessarily be an accurate indication of future TER's. The TER and Transaction Costs cannot be determined accurately because of the short life span of the Financial Product. Calculations are based on actual data where possible and best estimates where actual data is not available.

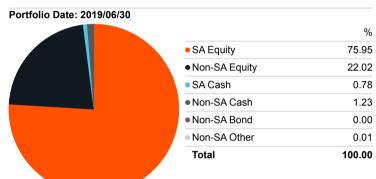
Transaction Cost (TC) is the percentage value of the Financial Product that was incurred as costs relating to the buying and selling of the assets underlying the Financial Product. Transaction Costs are a necessary cost in administering the Financial Product and impacts Financial Product returns. It should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of Financial Product, the investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER.

Total Investment Charges (TER + TC) is the total percentage value of the Financial Product that was incurred as costs relating to the investment of the Financial Product.

Manager Performance Fee (incl. VAT) | Performance Fee Benchmark: 87.5% of the FTSE/JSE Capped Shareholder Weighted Index (J433) and of the 12.5% MSCI World Net Total Return USD Index (NDDUWI), Base Fee: 1.53%, Fee at Benchmark: 1.53%, Fee Hurdle: 87.5% of the FTSE/JSE Capped Shareholder Weighted Index (J433) and 12.5% of the MSCI World Net Total Return USD Index (NDDUWI), Sharing Ratio: 20%, Minimum Fee: 1.53%, Maximum Fee: 3.42%, Fee Example: 1.53% p.a. if the fund performs in line with its Performance Fee Benchmark.

#### **Top Ten Holdings** (%) 2019/06/30 Portfolio Date Denker Global Financial Fund 8.25 Naspers Ltd 7.18 Anglo American Plc 5.21 Denker Global Equity Fund 4.81 MTN Group Ltd 3.80 Standard Bank Group Ltd 3.51 Allied Electronics Corporation Ltd 3 38 Oracle Corporation 3 34 Italtile Ltd 3 23 Investec Ltd 2.99

#### **Asset Allocation**



# **Annualised Performance (%)**

	Fund	Benchmark
1 Year	2.16	-1.47
3 Year	1.17	3.75
5 Years	0.42	4.02
10 Years	9.30	11.51
Since Inception	17.06	15.29

## **Cumulative Performance (%)**

	Fund	Benchmark
1 Year	2.16	-1.47
3 Years	3.55	11.68
5 Years	2.11	21.79
10 Years	143.28	197.36
Since Inception	2 563.76	1 836.33

#### **Highest and Lowest Annual Returns**

Risk Statistics (3 Year Rolling)	
Lowest Annual %	-6.41
Highest Annual %	33.95
Time Period: 2009/01/01 to 2018/12/31	

	•	0,	
Standard Deviation	on		9.82
Sharpe Ratio			-0.57
Information Ratio			-0.40
Maximum Drawdo	own		-9.59

# **Distribution History (Cents Per Unit)**

2019/06/30	25.33 cpu	2018/06/30	12.91 cpu
2018/12/31	29.26 cpu	2017/12/31	9.33 cpu

Administered by



<sup>\*</sup>The Denker Sanlam Collective Investments Equity Fund was renamed from the SIM Value Fund.

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# **DENKER**

#### **Risk Profile**

#### Aggressive

You can afford to take on a higher level of risk (i.e. will have a greater exposure to equities in your portfolio) because of your investment time horizon, or your appetite for risk. You know that in taking the risk, you need to be patient if you want to achieve the results. So you are willing to invest for the long-term and are prepared to tolerate some volatility in the short term, in anticipation of the higher returns you expect to receive in five years or

#### **Glossary Terms**

#### **Active Stock-picking Process**

This is when asset managers actively and tactically vary their stock selections based on economic and market data, and fundamental valuations, etc. This should lessen an investor's exposure to declining markets

Annualised return is the weighted average compound growth rate over the period measured.

Asset allocation is the percentage holding in different asset classes (i.e. equities, bonds, property, etc.). It is used to determine the level of diversification in a portfolio.

#### **Capital Growth**

Capital growth is the profit made on an investment, measured by the increase in its market value over the invested amount or cost price. It is also called capital appreciation

The income that is generated from an investment and given to investors through monthly, quarterly, bi-annual or annual distribution pay-outs.

Derivatives are instruments generally used as an instrument to protect against risk (capital losses), but can also be used for speculative purposes. Examples are futures, options and swaps.

Feeder Fund
A feeder fund is a South African-based fund that feeds exclusively into its primary foreign-based fund. It allows investors easy access to investing in an offshore fund, eliminating complicated tax and other implications. The shares of the feeder fund represent shares in the primary fund (called a master fund).

#### Liquidity

The ability to easily turn assets or investments into cash.

The Information Ratio measures the market risk-adjusted performance of an investment or portfolio. The greater a portfolio's Information Ratio, the better its risk-adjusted performance has been compared to the

LISP (Linked Investment Service Provider)
A Linked Investment Service Provider is a financial institution which packages, distributes and administers a broad range of unit trust based investments. Any investment made through these products gives an investor a single point of entry into a selection of different investments.

## Maximum Drawdown

The maximum drawdown measures the highest peak to trough loss experienced by the fund.

## **Money Market Instruments**

A money market instrument is a low risk, highly liquid, short-term (one year or less) debt instrument, issued by financial institutions or governments, that tend to have lower returns than high-risk investments.

## **Participatory Interests**

When you buy a unit trust, your money is pooled with that of many other investors. The total value of the pool of invested money in a unit trust fund is split into equal portions called participatory interests or units. When you invest your money in a unit trust, you buy a portion of the participatory interest in the total unit trust portfolio. Participatory interests are therefore the number of units that you have in a particular unit trust

#### Regulation 28

Regulation 28 of the Pension Funds Act sets out prudent investment limits on certain asset classes in investment funds. It applies specifically to investments in Retirement Annuities and Preservation Funds. The allowed maximum exposures to certain asset classes is: 75% for equities: 25% for property: 25% for foreign

#### Sharpe Ratio

The Sharpe Ratio measures total risk-adjusted performance of an investment or portfolio. It measures the amount of risk associated with the returns generated by the portfolio and indicates whether a portfolio's returns are due to excessive risk or not. The greater a portfolio's Sharpe ratio, the better its risk-adjusted performance has been (i.e. a higher return with a contained risk profile, where the portfolio manager is not taking excessive risk to achieve those returns).

#### Standard Deviation

Standard deviation (also called monthly volatility) is a measure of how much returns on an investment change from month to month. It is typically used by investors to gauge the volatility expected of an

Undervalued Equity Stocks/ Investing in Neglected Global Equities
This is a strategy of selecting shares that trade for less than their intrinsic values. Value investors actively seek stocks that they believe the market has undervalued. They believe the market overreacts to good and bad news, resulting in stock price movements that do not correspond with the company's actual long-term fundamentals. The result is an opportunity for value investors to profit by buying when the price is deflated.

#### Additional Information

All reasonable steps have been taken to ensure the information on this MDD is accurate. The information to follow does not constitute financial advice as contemplated in terms of the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act. Use or rely on this information at your own risk. Independent professional financial advice should always be sought before making an investment decision. The Sanlam Group is a full member of the Association for Savings and Investment SA. Collective investment schemes are generally medium- to longterm investments. Please note that past performances are not necessarily a guide to future performances, and that the value of investments / units / unit trusts may go down as well as up. A schedule of fees and charges and maximum commissions is available from the Manager, Sanlam Collective Investments (RF) Pty Ltd, a registered and approved Manager in Collective Investment Schemes in Securities. Additional information of the proposed investment, including brochures, application forms and annual or quarterly reports, can be obtained from the Manager, free of charge. Collective investments are traded at ruling prices and can engage in borrowing and scrip lending. Collective investments are calculated on a net asset value basis, which is the total market value of all assets in the portfolio including any income accruals and less any deductible expenses such as audit fees, brokerage and service fees. Actual investment performance of the portfolio and the investor will differ depending on the initial fees applicable, the actual investment date, and the date of reinvestment of income as well as dividend withholding tax. Forward pricing is used. The Manager does not provide any guarantee either with respect to the capital or the return of a portfolio. The performance of the portfolio depends on the underlying assets and variable market factors. Performance is based on NAV to NAV calculations with income reinvestments done on the ex-div date. Lump sum investment performances are quoted. The portfolio may invest in participatory interests of other unit trust portfolios. These underlying funds levy their own fees, and may result in a higher fee structure for our portfolio. All the portfolio options presented are approved collective investment schemes in terms of Collective Investment Schemes Control Act, No 45 of 2002 ("CISCA"). The Manager may borrow up to 10% the market value of the portfolio to bridge insufficient liquidity. The fund may from time to time invest in foreign instruments which could be accompanied by additional risks as well as potential limitations on the availability of market information. Investments in foreign instruments are also subject to fluctuations in exchange rates which may cause the value of the fund to go up or down. The fund may invest in financial instruments (derivatives) for efficient portfolio management purposes. The Manager has the right to close any portfolios to new investors to manage them more efficiently in accordance with their mandates. Management of the portfolio is outsourced to Denker Capital (Pty) Ltd, (FSP) Licence No. 47075, an Authorised Financial Services Provider under the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act, 2002. Sanlam Collective Investments (RF) (Pty) Ltd retains full legal responsibility for the co-named portfolio. Standard Bank of South Africa Ltd is the appointed trustee of the Sanlam Collective Investments scheme. Sources of Performance and Risk Data: Morningstar Direct, INET BFA and Bloomberg. The risk free asset assumed for the calculation of Sharpe ratios: STEFI Composite Index. The highest and lowest 12- month returns are based on a calendar year period over 10 years or since inception where the performance history does not exist for 10 years. Obtain a personalised cost estimate before investing by visiting www.sanlamunittrustsmdd.co.za and using our Effective Annual Cost (EAC) calculator. Alternatively, contact us at 0860 100 266.

# Denker Capital (Pty) Ltd

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# **DENKER**

#### **Portfolio Manager Quarterly Comment**

Quarter to June 2019

Market review

#### Global markets

Global equity markets experienced another relatively good quarter, albeit with more modest performance than in the first quarter (Q1). Looking at the indices in US dollars – on a total return basis the S&P 500 Index gained 4.3%, the MSCI World Index gained 4.2% and the MSCI Emerging Markets Index, lagged again, closing 0.7% higher this quarter. The surprising decline in long dated developed market government bond yields, which started in Q1, did not subside. Yield on US 10 year maturity bonds declined from 2.4% at the end of Q1 to 2.0% at the end of Q2 and the yield on 10 year German bonds declined from -0.1% to -0.3%.

In late June, the Federal Reserve (the Fed) indicated that it might cut interest rates sooner than previously thought by cutting the word 'patient' out of its policy statement. It added that it would 'act as appropriate' to sustain economic expansion. President Trump has often taken to Twitter to share his exasperation with the Fed's previous rate increases.

Prime Minister Theresa May announced that she would step down as leader of the ruling Conservative Party in the United Kingdom after successive failures to deliver an acceptable Brexit deal. Boris Johnson and Jeremy Hunt are in the race to replace May as leader. Both Johnson and Hunt have claimed that they can renegotiate the withdrawal deal with the European Union and get it through Parliament before the expiry date of 31 October 2019.

#### South African markets

South African markets outperformed their emerging market peers. The FTSE/JSE Capped Swix gained 2.9% in rand. The US dollar investor benefited from rand strength, as the rand gained against the US dollar from R14.48 at the end of Q1 to R14.07 at the end of Q2. South African bonds delivered strong performance again this quarter, closing 3.8% higher at the end of June.

South Africans went to the polling booth in May. The ANC secured 57.5% of the vote, which was the worst performance for the party in a national election). The DA and EFF, in second and third place respectively, received 20.8% and 10.8% of the vote. The ANC secured outright majorities in all regions except the Western Cape, where the DA maintained its majority.

In June Stats SA published its estimates of gross domestic product (GDP). The economy contracted by 3.2% in Q1 – recording the largest quarterly drop in output since the financial crisis.

# Performance

The continued positive returns from both global and local equities has been fueled by the prospect of 'lower for longer' global interest rates and higher commodity prices, the latter supporting a 10.2% return in June for the resources sector (driven mainly by gold and platinum).

South African market returns in the second quarter were driven by financials returning 5.4%, followed by industrials returning 4.0% and resources returning 2.4%.

For the quarter, our portfolio has outperformed its benchmark. A number of our small cap holdings have contributed significantly to the performance in the quarter – these include Altron (+37.3%), Libstar (+24%) and Adcorp (+22%). Other holdings that added to returns are Absa (+20.3%), MTN (+20.5%) and Investec (+8.9%).

Finally, as mentioned in the past, investing is in many respects a negative art. Avoiding losses is as important as the desire to make a profit. In this regard, many of our best decisions were to avoid poor investments which have come under significant scrutiny the past quarter. These include Redefine (-30%), Omnia (-31%), Robosis (-65%), and Tongaat (-39%).

#### Portfolio review

This has undoubtedly been one of the more anxious periods for South Africans. In addition to having to deal with electricity outages and a general rise in the cost of business in South Africa, corporates are under pressure to cut costs in order to protect profits and returns. Consumers are having to deal with higher VAT, fuel and administered prices (such as electricity) and this is impacting on discretionary spend. Consumer and business confidence remain low. We remain cautious on domestic South Africa and do not see a dramatic improvement in economic growth in the shorter term. Although there are uncertainties surrounding Brexit risks as well as the United States—China trade related issues, global growth could well be supported in the short term by lower interest rates.

Despite macro concerns, we should not lose sight of the fact that great long-term

opportunities often emerge in tough environments. In this environment we continue to seek out mispriced opportunities where we have above average conviction. Our objectives are to ensure we focus on constantly improving the quality of the portfolio while reducing the role of chance which unknown macroeconomic events may have. In a tough environment it does not pay to invest in poor quality, highly geared businesses. We remained focused on sticking to our strengths, such as stock picking in an uncertain environment.

In this regard, the heightened uncertainty has created some good opportunities. New positions in the portfolio include AVI. ABInbey and Dis-Chem.

#### Portfolio Managers

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